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Assessment of the Rural Health Care Infrastructures and Manpower Services and Its Scenario in India

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Abstract- Health is prerequisite for well being of the people. Good health represents better outcomes in the economy; it is the ability of the people to manage their physical, mental, and social aspects throughout the life. This paper tries to focus on the assessment of Health services and their impact on the people. It is based on the secondary data where it focuses mainly on the infrastructures and the manpower development in the health sector.

Key Words- Health, Physical, Mental, Social, assessment.

Introduction: Health is considered to be the wellbeing of every people in society. According to World health organization "Health is a state of complete physical, mental, and social wellbeing and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity". It may be defined as the ability of a people to adopt and manage physical, mental and social aspects throughout the life. In 21st century the concept of health can be considered as ability opened the door for self-assessments to become the main indicators to judge the performance of efforts aimed at improving the human health conditions (Jadad, 2016). It is very important to live under what context an individual lives both for his health status and the standard of living. It has been recognize by the World health organization, that the main determinants of health include the social and economic environment (Income, education, literacy, caste etc), the physical environment and the person's individual characteristics and their behavior.

For achieving an acceptable standard of health for the general population of the country different Health Policies and Programme has been established by the country. The main focus of different health Policies and the Programme is to reduce disparities in health across regions and communities by providing access to affordable health, especially to the weaker sections and the underprivileged like women and children, the older persons, disabled and different tribal groups. This paper tries to study the assessment of the performance of the country's health related indicators (expectancy at birth, child and maternal mortality, morbidity). The paper tries to review the progress of primary health care services in India, especially in rural areas. It will try to look on the origin and evolution of health care services in India, where it tries to cover the details of the different stages of primary health care in India.