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Traditional Birth Beliefs and Practices of Tiwa Community of Assam: A philosophical Out look

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1. Abstract: The culture of Assam is a common culture of various ethnic groups, religions and languages. The Tiwa are one of the major ethnic group that have contributed to the formation of the larger culture of Assam. The Tribe scattered mainly in Nagaon , Morigaon , karbianglong , Kamrup and Lokhimpur districts of Assam. The Tiwa people worshipped various Gods and Goddesses but their main Deity is Faa- Mahadeo The Tiwa people have their independent traditions , customs , religious beliefs and practices. Various rituals , practices , ceremonies , have been traditionally performed in the their society. In their society from the beginning of a new born and till the death has to encompasses a number of traditional beliefs and practices which has deep rooted implications in their total way of life. And in their traditional birth process they practices some specific beliefs, rituals ,customs and traditions and such traditional beliefs and practices are performed before or after the birth of a child and even while the child is in the womb. These practices are performed according to some social norms where besides involving family members respective clan members and community members plays a important role. And such beliefs and practices is always joyful in order to ensure that child is not harmed in any way and that is their philosophy and such beliefs and practices followed in the birth process is based on unique religious philosophies followed by this son of the soil of Assam.

Key words: Tiwa , Givati , Ojani , Manswa , Kecha Suwa .Hari Knowari

Introduction: The Tiwa Tribe is one of the major indigenous group of Assam who is said to be the son of the soil not only Assam but also North East India. These tribal people dwells hill, foot hill and plain areas of Assam and Meghalaya also. The plain Tiwa inhabit particularly in the districts of Nagaon , Morigaon , some places of kamrup ,Dhemaji and the hill Tiwa inhabit in the greater karbi anglong district of Assam. The word 'Tiwa' which is comes from the word 'Ti' which means 'water' and a 'wa' means superior and different scholars mentioned that Tibbet was their original abode and they had landed down to the plains areas following the course of the river Brahmaputra who identified themselves as Tiwa. Earlier they also known as Lalung, they pefer to call themselves as Tiwa and their settling to the plain areas is still remain in mystery. Some Scholars mentioned that they are the offshoots of the Mongolian race of Tibeto-Burmese group of Sino-Tibetan speech family who had their migration to this land in the pre-historic period (Thakur: 1985). This

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